Material Safety Data Sheet

Carbon Disulfide

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name

Carbon Disulfide

Supplier

: AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries

259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

Synonym

Carbon bisulfide; Carbon sulfide (CS2); Dithiocarbonic anhydride; CS2; Carbon sulfide;

Carbon-disulphide-; Carbon bisulphide; Carbone; Carbonio; Carbon sulphide;

Kohlendisulfid; Koolstofdisulfide; NCI-C04591; Rcra waste number P022;

Schwefelkohlenstoff; Solfuro di carbonio; Sulphocarbonic anhydride; UN 1131; Weeviltox; Wegla dwusiarczek; Alcohol of sulfur; Carbon bisulfuret; Methyl disulfide; Sulfocarbonic

anhydride; Dithioxomethane

MSDS# **Date of**

: 001113

Preparation/Revision

4/28/2010.

In case of emergency : 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state

: Liquid. [COLORLESS TO YELLOW WATERY LIQUID WITH A SWEET ETHER-LIKE ODOR. [NOTE: REAGENT GRADES ARE FOUL SMELLING, LIKE ROTTEN EGGS]]

Emergency overview

: DANGER!

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. FLAMMABLE. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE,

BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Extremely flammable liquid. May be harmful if swallowed. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. May cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Target organs

Ingestion

May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, the reproductive system, liver, peripheral nervous system, cardiovascular system, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

Potential acute health effects

Eyes Skin Inhalation : Irritating to eyes. : Irritating to skin.

: Irritating to respiratory system.

Harmful if swallowed.

Potential chronic health effects

: CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH. **MUTAGENIC EFFECTS**: Not available.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 3 by European Union.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (section 11)

Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

United States

carbon disulphide

75-15-0 100

Exposure limits

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009).

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).

Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 30 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).

STEL: 10 ppm 15 minute(s).

TWA: 3 mg/m³ 10 hour(s)

STEL: 10 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). TWA: 1 ppm 10 hour(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

Absorbed through skin.
STEL: 36 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).
STEL: 12 ppm 15 minute(s).
TWA: 12 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).
TWA: 4 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 11/2006).

AMP: 100 ppm 30 minute(s).

CEIL: 30 ppm

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product

: Flammable.

Auto-ignition temperature

: 90°C (194°F)

Flash point

: Closed cup: -30.15°C (-22.3°F).

Flammable limits

: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 50%

Products of combustion

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

of various substances

Fire hazards in the presence : Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing

materials.

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Extremely flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Personal protection in case

of a large spill

: Full chemical-resistant suit and self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn only by trained and authorized persons.

Product name

United States

carbon disulphide

Exposure limits

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 30 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 10 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). TWA: 1 ppm 10 hour(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 36 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 12 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 12 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 4 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 11/2006).

AMP: 100 ppm 30 minute(s).

CEIL: 30 ppm

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid. [COLORLESS TO YELLOW WATERY LIQUID WITH A SWEET ETHER-LIKE

ODOR. [NOTE: REAGENT GRADES ARE FOUL SMELLING, LIKE ROTTEN EGGS]]

Odor : LIKE THAT OF DECAYING CABBAGE

Molecular weight : 76.13 g/mole

Molecular formula : C-S2

Boiling/condensation point : 46.1°C (115°F)

Melting/freezing point : -111.7°C (-169.1°F)

Critical temperature : 272.9°C (523.2°F)

Specific gravity : 1.26 (Water = 1)

Vapor pressure : 40 kPa (300 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapor density : 2.6 (Air = 1)

Evaporation rate : 10.9 compared with butyl acetate

VOC : 0 % (w/w)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity

Incompatibility with various

substances

: The product is stable.

: Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Toxicity data

Product/ingredient name Result **Species Dose Exposure** 1200 mg/kg carbon disulphide LD50 Oral Rat TDLo Intraperitoneal Rat 7.6 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat 25 g/m3 2 hours Vapor

IDLH : 500 ppm

Chronic effects on humans : CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 3 by European Union.

May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, the reproductive system, liver, peripheral nervous system, cardiovascular system, skin, eyes, central nervous system

(CNS).

Other toxic effects on

humans

: Hazardous by the following route of exposure: of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact

(irritant).

Specific effects

Carcinogenic effects **Mutagenic effects** Reproduction toxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Aguatic ecotoxicity

carbon disulphide

Acute LC50 2.99 mg/L Fish - Guppy -Fresh water Poecilia reticulata

- Young - 2 cm Acute LC50 65000 to Fish - Bleak -96 hours

94000 ug/L Marine water Alburnus alburnus

Fish - Guppy -Acute LC50 4000 to 5800 ug/L Fresh water

Fresh water

Poecilia reticulata Acute LC50 2100 to Daphnia - Water

2200 ug/L Fresh water flea - Daphnia magna

Acute LC50 135000 ug/L Fish - Western

96 hours

96 hours

48 hours

96 hours

mosquitofish -Gambusia affinis

- Adult

Products of degradation : Products of degradation: carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), sulfur oxides (SO₂, SO₃ etc.).

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation.Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc.Do not dispose of locally.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1131	CARBON DISULFIDE	3		POSON 6	Reportable quantity 100 lbs. (45.4 kg) Limited quantity Yes.
						Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden.
						Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden.
						Special provisions B16, T14, TP2 TP7, TP13
TDG Classification	UN1131	CARBON DISULFIDE; OR CARBON DISULPHIDE	3		(A)	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0 ERAP Index 1000
						Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden
						Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden
Mexico Classification	UN1131	CARBON DISULFIDE	3	1	PLANTAGE LICED	Reportable quantity 100 lbs. (45.4 kg) Limited quantity

Carbon Disulfide								
						Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden.		
						Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Special provisions B16, T14, TP2, TP7, TP13		

[&]quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Flammable liquid

Irritating material Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 4(a) final test rules: carbon disulphide

TSCA 8(a) PAIR: carbon disulphide

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.

TSCA 12(b) one-time export: carbon disulphide

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: carbon disulphide SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: carbon disulphide

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: carbon disulphide

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: carbon disulphide: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic)

health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: carbon disulphide

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: carbon disulphide

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: carbon disulphide

SARA 313

Product name CAS number Concentration

Form R - Reporting : carbon disulphide 75-15-0 100

requirements

Supplier notification : carbon disulphide 75-15-0 100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

: Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: This material is not listed.

Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: This material is not listed.

Florida substances: This material is not listed.

Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed.

Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This material is not listed.

Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed. Louisiana Spill: This material is not listed. Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed. Massachusetts Substances: This material is listed. Michigan Critical Material: This material is not listed.

Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. New Jersey Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.

New Jersey Spill: This material is not listed.

New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is not listed.

New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.

New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is not listed.

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: This material is listed. Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name Cancer Reproductive No significant risk **Maximum**

> acceptable dosage level

> > level

carbon disulphide No. Yes. No. No.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-2: Flammable liquid

Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic). CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed.

Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.

Canadian NPRI: This material is listed.

Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Label requirements

: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. FLAMMABLE. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.