Material Safety Data Sheet



Hydrogen Sulfide

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name

: Hydrogen Sulfide

Supplier

: AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries

259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

Product use

Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

Synonym

: Dihydrogen monosulfide; Dihydrogen sulfide; Hydrosulfuric acid; Stink damp; Sulfur hydride; Sulfureted hydrogen; H2S; Sulfuretted hydrogen; Hydrogen-sulphide-; Hydrogen sulfide (H2S); Acide sulfhydrique; Hydrogene sulfure; Idrogeno solforato;

Rcra waste number U135; Schwefelwasserstoff; Siarkowodor; UN 1053;

Zwavelwaterstof; Hepatic gas; Hepatic acid; Hydrogen monosulfide; Sewer gas; Sour

gas; Sulfur hydroxide

MSDS #
Date of

: 001029

Preparation/Revision

: 4/26/2010.

<u>In case of emergency</u> : 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state

: Gas. [COLORLESS LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GAS WITH A ROTTEN EGG ODOR, BUT ODORLESS AT POISONOUS CONCENTRATIONS. [NOTE: SENSE OF SMELL BECOMES RAPIDLY FATIGUED AND CAN NOT BE RELIED UPON TO WARN OF THE CONTINUOUS PRESENCE OF H2S.]]

Emergency overview

: DANGER!

FLAMMABLE GAS.

MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED.

MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Do not breathe gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. May cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed.

Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.

Target organs

: May cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract, eyes, central

nervous system (CNS).

Routes of entry

: Inhalation Dermal Eyes

Potential acute health effects

Eyes

 Moderately irritating to eyes. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Skin

 Moderately irritating to the skin. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation: Very toxic by inhalation.

Ingestion

: Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases

Potential chronic health

effects

: CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

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Hydrogen Sulfide

See toxicological information (section 11)

Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS number % Volume **Exposure limits** Name

7783-06-4 100 ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009). Hydrogen Sulfide STEL: 21 mg/m3 15 minute(s).

STEL: 15 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 14 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). CEIL: 15 mg/m3 10 minute(s).

CEIL: 10 ppm 10 minute(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 21 mg/m3 15 minute(s). STEL: 15 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 14 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 11/2006).

AMP: 50 ppm 10 minute(s).

CEIL: 20 ppm

Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes Skin contact

> while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical

attention immediately.

Frostbite : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Inhalation : Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. Move exposed person to fresh

> air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a

collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Flammable.

instructions

Auto-ignition temperature : 259.85°C (499.7°F) Flammable limits : Lower: 4% Upper: 44%

Products of combustion : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

sulfur oxides

Fire-fighting media and : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam or dry chemical.

> In case of fire, allow gas to burn if flow cannot be shut off immediately. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.

Contains gas under pressure. Flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Special protective : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing equipment for fire-fighters apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Methods for cleaning up

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. High pressure gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Keep container closed. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. To avoid fire, eliminate ignition sources. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Storage

Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Segregate from oxidizing materials. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Personal protection

Eyes

 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Personal protection in case of a large spill

: Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Full chemical-resistant suit and self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn only by trained and authorized persons.

Product name

hydrogen sulphide

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009).

STEL: 21 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 15 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 14 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).

CEIL: 15 mg/m³ 10 minute(s). CEIL: 10 ppm 10 minute(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

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STEL: 21 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 15 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 14 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 11/2006).

AMP: 50 ppm 10 minute(s).

CEIL: 20 ppm

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: 34.08 g/mole Molecular weight

Molecular formula : H2-S

Boiling/condensation point : -60°C (-76°F) : -82.8°C (-117°F) **Melting/freezing point Critical temperature** : 100.5°C (212.9°F) 252 (psig) Vapor pressure Vapor density : 1.19 (Air = 1)

Specific Volume (ft 3/lb) : 11.236 Gas Density (lb/ft 3) : 0.089

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity : The product is stable.

Incompatibility with various

substances

: Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Toxicity data				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
hydrogen sulphide	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	820 mg/m3	3 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	700 mg/m3	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	470 mg/m3	6 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	634 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	712 ppm	1 hours

IDLH : 100 ppm

Chronic effects on humans : May cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract, eyes, central

nervous system (CNS).

Other toxic effects on

humans

: No specific information is available in our database regarding the other toxic effects of this material to humans.

Specific effects

Carcinogenic effects No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Mutagenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproduction toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name hydrogen sulphide	Test -	Result Acute EC50 770 ug/L Fresh water	Species Crustaceans - Amphipod - Crangonyx richmondensis lauren - 10 mm	Exposure 48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 540 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Amphipod - Crangonyx richmondensis lauren - 10 mm	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 7 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - FRY	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 4 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Lake whitefish - Coregonus clupeaformis - Yolk-sac fry	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 3.2 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Asian redtail catfish - Hemibagrus nemurus	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 3 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Lake whitefish - Coregonus clupeaformis - Yolk-sac fry	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 <2 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Yellow perch - Perca flavescens - Yolk- sac fry	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 2 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Lake whitefish - Coregonus clupeaformis - Yolk-sac fry	96 hours

Products of degradation: Products of degradation: sulfur oxides (SO₂, SO₃ etc.).

Environmental fate : Not available.

Environmental hazards: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Toxicity to the environment : Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation.Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc.Do not dispose of locally.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information

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Hydrogen Sulfide						
DOT Classification	UN1053	HYDROGEN SULFIDE	2.3	Not applicable (gas).	PRHAATEN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	Reportable quantity 100 lbs. (45.4 kg) Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Special provisions 2, B9, B14
TDG Classification	UN1053	HYDROGEN SULFIDE; OR HYDROGEN SULPHIDE	2.3	Not applicable (gas).		Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0 ERAP Index 0 Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden
Mexico Classification	UN1053	HYDROGEN SULFIDE	2.3	Not applicable (gas).	NoILATION NALATION 22	-

[&]quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

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Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: hydrogen sulphide SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: hydrogen sulphide

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: hydrogen sulphide

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: hydrogen sulphide: Fire hazard, Sudden release of pressure, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found. Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: hydrogen sulphide

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: hydrogen sulphide

SARA 313

<u>Product name</u> <u>CAS number</u> <u>Concentration</u>

Form R - Reporting

requirements
Supplier notification

: Hydrogen Sulfide 7783-06-4 100

: Hydrogen Sulfide 7783-06-4 100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

: Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: This material is not listed.

Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: This material is not listed.

Florida substances: This material is not listed.

Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed.

Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This material is not listed.

Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed.
Louisiana Spill: This material is not listed.
Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed.
Massachusetts Substances: This material is listed.
Michigan Critical Material: This material is not listed.

Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. New Jersey Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.

New Jersey Spill: This material is not listed.

New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is listed.

New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.

New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is not listed.

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.

Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed.

Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.

Canadian NPRI: This material is listed.

Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

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Section 16. Other information

United States

Label requirements : FLAMMABLE GAS.

MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED.

MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

Canada

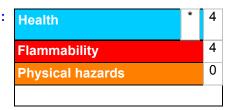
Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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