Material Safety Data Sheet



Nitrogen Dioxide

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name : Nitrogen Dioxide

Supplier : AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries

259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

Product use Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

: Nitrogen oxide; Nitrito; Nitro; Nitrogen peroxide; Azote; NA 1067; Rcra waste number Synonym

P078; Stickstoffdioxid; Stikstofdioxyde; UN 1067; Dinitrogen tetroxide; Nitrous gas or

air: Oxoazane oxide

MSDS# 001041 4/26/2010. Date of

Preparation/Revision In case of emergency

: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state Gas. [YELLOWISH-BROWN, FUMING LIQUID OR REDDISH-BROWN GAS (ABOVE

70 F) WITH A PUNGENT, ACRID ODOR [NOTE: IN SOLID FORM (BELOW 15 F) IT IS

FOUND STRUCTURALLY AS N2O4.]]

DANGER! **Emergency overview**

OXIDIZER.

MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED.

CAUSES SEVERE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN BURNS. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.

CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

Do not puncture or incinerate container. Do not breathe gas. Do not get on skin or clothing. May cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container closed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Store in tightly-closed container.

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at

Avoid contact with combustible materials.

Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.

Target organs May cause damage to the following organs: lungs, cardiovascular system, upper

respiratory tract, eyes.

Routes of entry : Inhalation Dermal Eyes

Potential acute health effects

Eyes : Severely corrosive to the eyes. Causes severe burns. Contact with rapidly expanding

gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Skin : Severely corrosive to the skin. Causes severe burns. Contact with rapidly expanding

gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation Very toxic by inhalation. Severely corrosive to the respiratory system.

Ingestion : Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases

Potential chronic health CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH. effects

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

Medical conditions aggravated by over-

risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product. exposure

See toxicological information (section 11)

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Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

Nitrogen Dioxide

CAS number 10102-44-0

% Volume 100

Exposure limits

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009).

STEL: 9.4 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 5.6 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 3 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). STEL: 1.8 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 1 ppm 15 minute(s).

OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).

CEIL: 9 mg/m³ CEIL: 5 ppm

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 1.8 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 1 ppm 15 minute(s).

Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eve contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Frostbite

: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Inhalation

: Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product

: Non-flammable.

Products of combustion

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

nitrogen oxides

Fire-fighting media and instructions

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.

Contains gas under pressure. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. In a fire or if heated, a

pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8). Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Nitrogen Dioxide

Methods for cleaning up

Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. High pressure gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Keep container closed. Do not get on skin or clothing. Store in tightly-closed container. Avoid contact with combustible materials. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Storage

: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents and combustibles. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Personal protection

Eyes

 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Personal protection in case of a large spill

Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Full chemical-resistant suit and self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn only by trained and authorized persons.

Product name

nitrogen dioxide

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009).

STEL: 9.4 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 5.6 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 3 ppm 8 hour(s).

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OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 1.8 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 1 ppm 15 minute(s).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Molecular weight : 46.01 g/mole

Molecular formula : N-O2

Boiling/condensation point: 21.1°C (70°F)Melting/freezing point: -11.2°C (11.8°F)Critical temperature: 157.8°C (316°F)Vapor pressure: 14.7 (psia)Vapor density: 2.62 (Air = 1)

Specific Volume (ft ³/lb) : 4.902 Gas Density (lb/ft ³) : 0.204

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity

: The product is stable.

Incompatibility with various substances

Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials, combustible materials and organic materials.

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: alkalis and moisture.

Hazardous decomposition

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Toxicity data				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
nitrogen dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	790 mg/m3	5 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	310 mg/m3	30 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	220 mg/m3	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	1000 ppm	0.67 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	200 ppm	30 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	115 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	88 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	88 ppm	4 hours

IDLH : 20 ppm

Chronic effects on humans : CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH.

May cause damage to the following organs: lungs, cardiovascular system, upper

respiratory tract, eyes.

Other toxic effects on

humans

: Hazardous by the following route of exposure: of skin contact (corrosive), of eye contact (corrosive), of inhalation (lung corrosive).

Specific effects

Carcinogenic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproduction toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name nitrogen dioxide	Test -	Result Acute LC50 79450 ug/L Marine water	Species Crustaceans - Redtail prawn - Penaeus penicillatus - 3.58 to 4.75 cm - 0.4 to 0.69 g	Exposure 48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 52930 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Redtail prawn - Penaeus penicillatus - 3.58 to 4.75 cm - 0.4 to 0.69 g	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 19600 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Tench - Tinca tinca - LARVAE - 20 days - 11.18 mm - 11.36 mg	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 8640 to 9980 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Giant river prawn - Macrobrachium rosenbergii	48 hours
nvironmental fate	 Not available 			

Environmental fate : Not available.

Environmental hazards: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Toxicity to the environment : Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation.Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc.Do not dispose of locally.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1067	DINITROGEN TETROXIDE	2.3	Not applicable (gas).	INHALATEN MAZARO 2 OMDEER 5.1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Reportable quantity 10 lbs. (4.54 kg) Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Special provisions

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Nitrogen Dioxide						
						1, B7, B9, B14, B45, B46, B61, B66, B67, B77
TDG Classification	UN1067	DINITROGEN TETROXIDE	2.3	Not applicable (gas).		Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0 ERAP Index 0 Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden Special provisions 38
Mexico Classification	UN1067	DINITROGEN TETROXIDE	2.3	Not applicable (gas).	NSMA ATION NO AMERICAN OF THE PROPERTY OF T	-

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: nitrogen dioxide SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: nitrogen dioxide

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: nitrogen dioxide

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: nitrogen dioxide: Fire hazard, Sudden release of pressure, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: nitrogen dioxide

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found. Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found. Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.

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Nitrogen Dioxide

State regulations

: Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: This material is not listed.

Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: This material is not listed.

Florida substances: This material is not listed.

Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed.

Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This material is not listed.

Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed.
Louisiana Spill: This material is not listed.
Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed.
Massachusetts Substances: This material is listed.
Michigan Critical Material: This material is not listed.

Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. **New Jersey Hazardous Substances:** This material is listed.

New Jersey Spill: This material is not listed.

New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is listed.

New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.

New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is not listed.

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.

Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class A: Compressed gas.

Class C: Oxidizing material.

Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Class E: Corrosive material

CEPA Toxic substances: This material is listed.
Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.
Canadian NPRI: This material is not listed.

Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

United States

Label requirements

: OXIDIZER.

MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED.

CAUSES SEVERE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN BURNS.
MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.
CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.

CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

Canada

Label requirements

: Class A: Compressed gas.

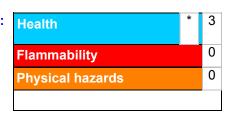
Class C: Oxidizing material.

Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Class E: Corrosive material

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



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Nitrogen Dioxide

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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